m No. 10-300 (Rev. 10-74) FINAL UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR FOR NPS USE ONLY NATIONAL PARK SERVICE JATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES RECEIVED. **INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM** DATE ENTERED SEE INSTRUCTIONS IN HOW TO COMPLETE NATIONAL REGISTER FORMS TYPE ALL ENTRIES -- COMPLETE APPLICABLE SECTIONS NAME HISTORIC The Corydon Battle Site AND/OR COMMON Battle of Corydon Memorial Park 2 LOCATION STREET & NUMBER East side of old Indiana #135 south of Corydon NOT FOR PUBLICATION CITY, TOWN CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT Corydon VICINITY OF STATE CODE COUNTY CODE Indiana 018 061 Harrison CLASSIFICATION CATEGORY OWNERSHIP STATUS PRESENTUSE _DISTRICT X_PUBLIC _OCCUPIED _AGRICULTURE __MUSEUM _BUILDING(S) __PRIVATE _UNOCCUPIED _COMMERCIAL X_PARK STRUCTURE BOTH _WORK IN PROGRESS XSITE __EDUCATIONAL __PRIVATE RESIDENCE PUBLIC ACQUISITION ACCESSIBLE _ENTERTAINMENT __RELIGIOUS _OBJECT _IN PROCESS _YES: RESTRICTED _GOVERNMENT __SCIENTIFIC _BEING CONSIDERED X YES: UNRESTRICTED _INDUSTRIAL __TRANSPORTATION __NO _OTHER 4 OWNER OF PROPERTY Harrison County Park and Recreation Board STREET & NUMBER 300 North Capitol Avenue CITY, TOWN STATE Corydon Indiana VICINITY OF LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION COURTHOUSE REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC Recorder's Office, Harrison County Courthouse STREET & NUMBER 300 North Capitol Avenue

STATE

Indiana

CITY, TOWN

TITLE

DATE

Corydon

1972

REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS

Indiana Historic Sites and Structures Inventory

FEDERAL Y STATE

7 DESCRIPTION

CONDITION

CHECK ONE

CHECK ONE

_ EXCELLENT X_GOOD

_ FAIR

_ DETERIORATED
_ RUINS
__UNEXPOSED

__UNALTERED X_ALTERED X_OR-GINAL SITE
__MOVED DATE_____

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND OHIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

The Corydon Battlefield Site is a five acre park located on the east side of Indiana State Road 135 just south of the Town of Corydon. The battlefield park is a heavily wooded area covered with hardwood trees, some of which date from 1863. The park is located in the middle of a wooded ridge which runs from the old New Amsterdam Road on the west, across the Mauckport Pike (State Road 135), to Laconia Road on the east. To the south of the ridge are open fields in a flat terrain. A few hundred yards to the north is a hill beyond which lies the Town of Corydon.

Although the park area looks much as it did in 1863, a few alterations have been made. A gravel drive leads a short distance to a parking lot on the property from State Road 135, and a marker has been placed on the east side of State Road 135. In the late 1930's a log cabin was reconstructed on the property. The cabin was originally located 500 feet to the northwest and is of unknown origin. The structure is a hewn log cabin containing one room and a loft. Shuttered windows flank a central door and there is a small window in the south gable end. The roof has wood shingles. The site and cabin have not changed since the pictures were taken in 1976.

8 SIGNIFICANCE

PERIOD	A	REAS OF SIGNIFICANCE C	CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW	
_ PREHISTORIC _ 1400 1499	ARCHEOLOGY PREHISTORIC	_ COMMUNITY FLANTING; CONSERVATION	LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE LAW	_ PEL GION SCIENCE
_ 1500-1599 _ 1600 1699	AGRICULTYRE	_ ECONOMICS	_ LITERATURE X MILITARY	SCULPTURE
1700-1-799 X 1800-1899	ART	_ ENGINEERING	_ MUSIC	_SOCIAL HUMANITARIAN _THEATER
1900-	COMMERCE COMMUN CATIONS	_ EXPLORATION SETTLEMENTINDUSTRY	PHILOSOPHY POLITICS GOVERNMENT	TRANSPORTATIONOTHER (SPECIFY)
		INVENTION		**************************************

SPECIFIC DATES July 9, 1863

BUILDER ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE The Battle of Corydon Site is significant in that it commemorates the only Civil War Battle to take place in Indiana. In an attempt to take the war to the North for a number of military and diplomatic reasons, the South launched several campaign in 1863; General John Morgan's raid in Southern Indiana was one of these efforts.

Morgan's Raid started on July 8, 1863, when his Confederate Raiders crossed the Ohio Rive in the steamer, Alice Dean. Morgan's force of 2400 men advanced north on the Mauckport Pike (State Road 135) toward Corydon. After traveling some fourteen miles, the raiders first met armed resistance just south of Corydon about noon on July 9. Hearing of the invasion, the local militia, known as the "Indiana Legion," or the "Home Guard," quickly threw up breastworks along a wooded ridge which ran across the Mauckport Pike. This "Battle Line Ridge" extends from the New Amsterdam Road on the west to the Laconia Road on the east. Although the local force of 400 was vastly outnumbered by Morgan's force, they prevented the raiders from breaking through their battle line during two attacks. The Confederates reconnoitered and decided to await reinforcements. Before long, the Rebels brought several small cannon to bear on the militia and had enough men to flank the ends of the "Battle Line Ridge" near the New Amsterdam and Laconia Roads. This time the Rebels broke through the battle line and made hostages of 345 of the militia. hostages were soon released, and Morgan's men advanced their cannon to the rim of a small hill overlooking the town of Corydon. After a few minutes of shelling, the town raised a surrender flag. The Confederates proceeded into the town where they first learned of Lee's retreat from Gettysburg. Corydon was one of the few Northern towns to be captured by the Southern forces during the Civil War. After securing fresh mounts the raiders resumed their campaign.

Some contemporaries claimed that Morgan's Raid failed because the unanticipated delay at Corydon allowed Union forces under General Hobson to get closer to Morgan, who cut his campaign short to avoid capture. More importantly, the resistance at Corydon dispelled the notion that the Confederate sympathies would induce Southern Indiana residents to welcome an invasion by the South. In fact, the various political groups in the State stopped their bickering, and 65,000 volunteers assembled in Indianapolis in 48 hours. Thus, while the military impact of the Battle of Corydon, itself, was small, there were important consequences for the war effort in Indiana.

From 1900 to 1975 the Corydon Battle Site was part of a farm owned by the Hays family. Fortunately, the Hays family were avid conservationists and preserved the battlefield. In the late 1930's, Mr. and Mrs. C. Blaine Hays, Sr., had reconstructed on the property a one-room log cabin which previously stood about 500 feet to the northwest where the Old Capitol United Methodist Church now stands. In December, 1975, the three children of C. Blaine Hays, Jr., (Barbara Hays Hamilton, James H. Hays, and Margaret C. Hays), donated the property to the Harrison County Park and Recreation Board.

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

Please see continuation Sheet

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STATE	CODE	COUNTY		CODE				
STATE	CODE	OUNTY		CODE				
11 FORM PREPARED F NAME / TITLE Frederick Port ORGANIZATION	B Y er Griffin, Past Pre	sident						
Harrison Count	y Historical Society		July 9, 19	76				
	t Street, P.O. Box 4	46	TELEPHONE 812/738-369	92				
Corydon Corydon			STATE Indiana	17112				
12 STATE HISTORIC PRESERVATION OFFICER CERTIFICATION								
	TED SIGNIFICANCE OF THIS		IN THE STATE IS:					
NATIONAL	-		LOCAL					
As the designated State Historic Presidence of the hereby nominate this property for incorrieria and procedures set forth by the	clusion in the National Registe	I Historic Preserva r and certify that	ation Act of 1966 (i it has been evalua	Public Law 89-665), I ted according to the				
STATE HISTORIC TO ESTAVITION OFFICE	TSIENOTURE O							
1	Hostoric Preservation	Officer	DATE Api	ril 27, 1979				
OR NPS USE ONLY \ I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THIS PR	OPERTY IS INCLUDED IN THE	NATIONAL REG	ISTER					

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DATE ENTERED.

MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

CONTINUATION SHEET

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PAGE]

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NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES INVENTORY -- NOMINATION FORM

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

CONTINUATION SHEET

ITEM NUMBER 10

PAGE 2

A part of -- The Northeast quarter of the Northeast quarter of Section 1, Township 4 South, Range 3 east, in Harrison Township, Harrison County, Indiana, more particularly described as follows: Commencing at a stone found marking the Northeast corner of Section 1, thence West with the Section line, basis of bearings this description 232.47 feet to a #5 reinforcing bar, this being the point of beginning, thence continuing West 389.55 feet to the center of old State Road 135, thence with said road South $6^{\rm O}$ -47'-29" West 224.99 feet, South $2^{\rm O}$ -37'-20" West 219.83 feet, thence leaving said road and passing through a utility pole North $79^{\rm O}$ -26'-17" East 80.57 feet to a 24-inch diameter tree, thence South $55^{\rm O}$ -43'40" East 419.92 feet to a #5 reinforcing bar, thence North 664.71 feet to the point of beginning containing 5.000 Acres, more or less.

